- (1) Requesting waiver of erroneous payment of salary, travel, transportation and relocation expenses and allowances:
- (2) Requesting waiver of any other type of debt, if waiver is available by statute; or
- (3) Questioning the amount of validity of a debt by submitting a subsequent claim to the General Accounting Office.
- (f) Nothing in these regulations precludes the compromise, suspension or termination of collection actions where appropriate under subpart A or other regulations.

§ 213.9 Coordinating offset with another federal agency.

- (a) When AID is owed the debt. When AID is owed a debt by an employee of another agency, the other agency shall not initiate the requested offset until AID provides the agency with a written certification that the debtor owes AID a debt (including the amount and basis of the debt and the due date of payment) and that AID has complied with these regulations.
- (b) When another agency is owed the debt. AID may use salary offset against one of its employees who is indebted to another agency, if requested to do so by that agency. Such a request must be accompanied by a certification by the requesting agency that the person owes the debt (including the amount and basis of the debt and the due date of payment) and that the agency has complied with its regulations required by 5 U.S.C. 5514 and 5 CFR part 550, subpart K.

§ 213.10 Determination of indebtedness.

- (a) In determining that an employee is indebted to AID and that 4 CFR parts 101 through 105 have been satisfied and that salary offset is appropriate, AID will review the debt to make sure that it is valid and past due.
- (b) If AID determines that any of the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section have not been met, no determination of indebtedness shall be made and salary offset will not proceed until AID is assured that the requirements have been met.

§ 213.11 Notice requirements before offset.

Except as provided in §213.8, salary offset will not be made unless AID first provides the employee with a minimum of 30 calendar days written notice. This Notice of Intent to Offset Salary ("Notice of Intent") will state:

- (a) That AID has reviewed the records relating to the debt and has determined that a debt is owed, the amount of the debt, and the facts giving rise to the debt:
- (b) AID's intention to collect the debt by salary offset, i.e. by means of deduction from the employee's current disposable pay until the debt and all accumulated interest are paid in full;
- (c) The amount, frequency, approximate beginning date, and duration of the salary intent:
- (d) An explanation of that late payment, penalties and administrative costs will be charged in accordance with §213.4, unless excused in accordance with §213.4(c);
- (e) The employee's right to inspect and copy agency records relating to the debt:
- (f) The employee's right to enter into a written agreement with AID for a repayment schedule differing from that proposed by AID, so long as the terms of the repayment schedule proposed by the employee are agreeable to AID;
- (g) The right to a hearing conducted by a hearing official on AID's determination of the debt, the amount of the debt, or percentage of disposable pay to be deducted each pay period, so long as a request for a hearing filed by the employee as prescribed by § 213.12;
- (h) That the timely filing of a request for hearing will stay the collection proceedings;
- (i) That a final decision on the hearing will be issued at the earliest practical date, but not later than 60 calendar days after the filing of the request for a hearing, unless the employee requests, and the hearing officer grants, a delay in the proceedings;
- (j) That any knowingly false or frivolous statements, representations, or evidence may subject the employee to:
- (1) Disciplinary procedures appropriate under 5 U.S.C. chapter 75, 5 CFR part 752, or any other applicable statutes or regulations;